





(Left to right) Eddy Kim, Kevin Lin, Edward Kim
(photo by Rebecca Lee)

youthful ambitions

BY REBECCA LEE | PHOTOS COURTESY OF openUU

Three 20-something architects who form the Hong Kong-based practice openUU are forging their own path with thought-provoking installations and spaces.

When life hands you a lemon, make lemonade. That was the thinking behind three university schoolmates – Kevin Chin Kaak Lin, Edward Yujung Kim and Eddy Man Kim. They met when they studied architecture at Cornell University and they shared a love for music – in fact, they all used DJ when they were students.

Afterwards, Kevin continued his studies in culinary school at Le Cordon Bleu and worked in the kitchen of Wai Ging; he also did a stint at the office of GAT (The Architectural Team). Edward paid his dues at the offices of Samwoo and Group 3 in Seoul, Tadao Ando in Tokyo, and SYSTEMarchitects and studioGMD in New York. Eddy got his masters in design studies at Harvard University before working in Seoul at POSCO ABC and at Robert A.M Stern's office in New York. Yet the economic drama in the US brought on by the 2008 housing crisis meant that real opportunities were few and far between. In 2009, they decided to form their own company and relocate to Hong Kong, where they are ensconced in a lofty warehouse space that doubles as their studio, research lab and occasional private kitchen or barbecue hangout.

"The idea to do our own thing started in school, when we collaborated on school projects," says Eddy. "It grew organically from there. I was the last to join, and arrived in Hong Kong about a year ago."

"Some of our first projects were collaborations with my dad," says Kevin, referring to CL3 founder and managing director William Lin. These include their studio, a space that the elder Lin also uses to house his well art collection.

They decided to call their company openUU, as a playful way to present themselves as outside the box thinkers. Although they each work on all aspects of a project, Kevin tends to handle project management. "I have an interest in it and can communicate more easily with contractors here since I speak Chinese," he says.



Orange Gallery



Eddy focuses on the technical aspects of a project plus its overall big picture. Edward makes sure that things look good and is considered a master of detail by his colleagues.

"One thing what makes us different from other firms is that we cater to our client's needs," says Kevin. "Some designers insist on pushing their concepts and making their clients accept them. We prefer to work together with them to come up with the best solution. Our strength is that we will spend time to mould something with our client until they are satisfied. After all, they are the ones who will be using the space."

"We are trying to get into the practice of dividing up work based on each of our strengths," says Edward. "But we will brainstorm together. Our advantage is that we are a three-man team and so flat in our practice."

openUU first went under the spotlight with their installations in the previous ten Hong Kong Shenzhen Biennale for Architecture and Urbanism. "We wanted to create something that will engage people yet we knew they would be very temporary and disappear from memory after a short time," says Edward. "It was a great opportunity to provide such meaningful impact to a wide audience."

Their interior projects have so far included a canteen for Chinese International School, the first phase of Orange gallery's Kwan Tong conversion and FoFo, a private kitchen restaurant.



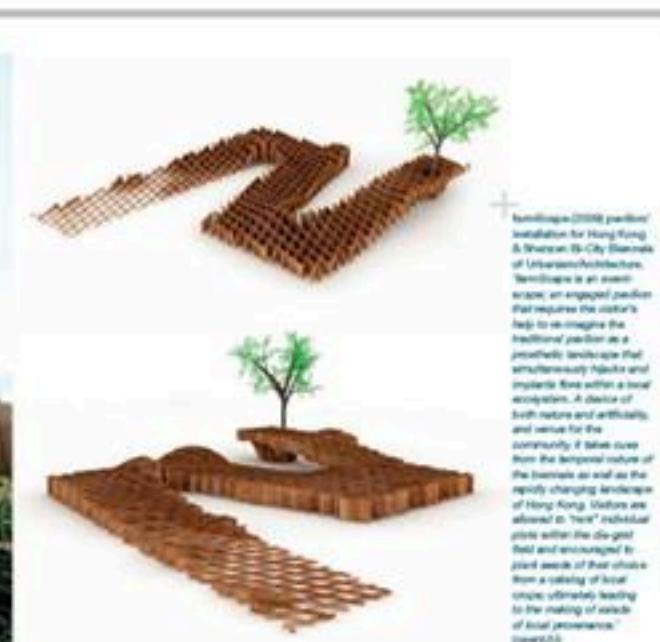
Canteen at HK's Chinese International School





group E: urbanUPLIFT (2012) pavilion/installation for Hong Kong & Shenzhen Bi-City Biennale of Urbanism/Architecture. The streets of Hong Kong are filled with a catalogue of urban artifacts that serve as amenities and destinations for the everyday citizens. In urbanUPLIFT, a selection of these oft-forgotten elements of the everyday: street vendors, stools,雨棚es, gardens, billboards, newscstands, newsstands, are combined to form an urban furniture. Situated within a man-made landscape of natural elements - Kowloon Park, urbanUPLIFT is a transplant of urban elements featuring a garden of artificial green. (groupE.U)

Foto by El Milly (restaurant for contemporary spanish food)



Biomimicry (2010) pavilion/installation for Hong Kong & Shenzhen Bi-City Biennale of Urbanism/Architecture. Biomimicry is an investigation—an engaged practice that requires the visitor's help to re-imagine the traditional pavilion as a postmodern landscape that simultaneously respects and implants flow within a local ecosystem. A device of both nature and artificiality, and venue for the community, it takes cues from the temporal nature of the biennale as well as the rapidly changing landscape of Hong Kong. Visitors are allowed to "plant" individual plots within the design field and encouraged to plant seeds of their choice from a catalog of local species ultimately leading to the making of seeds of local provenance. (groupE.U)

Although none of the partners would advise venturing out to start an architectural firm as soon after graduation, they have no regrets. "Our inexperience has worked to our advantage," says Edward. "We draw on the walls in order to communicate with contractors. Many opportunities have come our way that were unplanned. What we don't know have equated to more opportunities."

Each has a dream project that he would like to pursue. Eddie would like to work on housing developments. "I question the formulaic development of the public housing I see all around me in Hong Kong," he says. "Mass housing is almost redundant. There could be more academic study for these types of projects."

Edward would love to work on a public park and a hotel. "What could be more artificial than a park to replace nature and a hotel to replace a home?" he muses.

Karen would love to open her own restaurant specializing in Southeast Asian fusion cuisine. "The restaurant industry is one that a lot of people take for granted," he says. "If they knew what it was like to work in it, they wouldn't act so snobified in a restaurant."

They would love to be able to tackle architectural projects, but enjoy the immediate gratification of working on installations and interiors. "Architecture takes a long time, five to seven years before a building is completed," says Eddie. "I like seeing results. It's similar to cooking."

"We're good at turning over ideas quickly," says Eddie. "And we try to focus on opportunities to get our ideas out there more quickly in ways that people can understand, as frequently as possible." *